

## THE CAIRO BULLETIN

Established 1895.  
Published Daily and Sunday by the Bulletin  
Company, 417 1/2 Ohio Street, Phone 55.

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL

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One year, Sunday only, \$2.00

## CARRIAGE RATES BY CARRIER

By carrier in Cairo, \$1.00 a month  
By carrier outside Cairo, \$1.50 a month

## ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements will be accepted for a term of 10 days  
at the rate of 10 cents per line per day.

## CIRCULATION STATEMENT.

Average daily and Sunday circulation for the year 1906, 2023

Average daily and Sunday circulation for the month of December, 1906, 2045

## December Circulation.

1. 2026 16. 2870  
2. 1932 17. 2639  
3. 2020 18. 2639  
4. 2030 19. 2627  
5. 2030 20. 2639  
6. 1936 21. 2621  
7. 2025 22. 2625  
8. 2020 23. 1980  
9. 1962 24. 2629  
10. 2020 25. 2620  
11. 2025 26. 2636  
12. 2025 27. 2625  
13. 2020 28. 2620  
14. 2022 29. 2652  
15. 2025 30. 2600  
31. 2025

The above is a correct statement of the number of copies printed of the Cairo Bulletin for the year, 1906, and for the month of December, 1906.

CLYDE SULLIVAN,  
Business Manager.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of January, 1907.

(SEAL) LEO J. KLEB,  
Notary Public.

The Bulletin is on sale at the following places:

Coleman's, 214 Eighth street.  
Halliday House News Stand,  
Walker's, 10 Sixth street.  
Blue Front Restaurant.

## A SAFE PROSPERITY.

The old superstition has about died out of the effect that every ten or twenty years of prosperity in a country were bound to be followed by a period of financial and business adversity.

As further refuting the theory of Mr. Fish, it is an established fact that Wall street's influence in directing the financial interests of this country, for good or for bad, are less potent than it once was. In fact, the country at large pay but little attention to the doings of Wall street.

Lastly, but more significant than all else in counteracting such pessimistic views, stands the unprecedented wealth of the United States.

While it may be true that vast wealth does not in itself bring about conditions that make a country or an individual immune against financial disaster, at the same time if that wealth and the supply of money is judiciously manipulated and not abnormally affected by rank and ruinous speculation, financial disaster, though it may come to a few individuals or to segregated regions, would no doubt quickly discover the fact that there is so much wealth and prosperity in this country, distributed so generally that while on part of the country, including Wall street, might suffer a financial collapse, it would affect other parts of the country in only a limited way—Knoxville, Tenn., Sen. tintel.

## INVERTED HARMONY FOR 1908.

Postmaster General Cortelyou's resignation of the chairmanship of the Republican National Committee without giving the committee an opportunity to name his successor indicates that President Roosevelt is no more confident of the support of a majority of the committee than of the Republican membership in the senate.

It is not easy to see, however, what advantage President Roosevelt gains by having his friend, Vice Chairman New, at the head of the committee at this time, since there is little for it to do before its meeting next December to elect a chairman for the presidential campaign.

But, in order to fight multiplying enemies within his party, Mr. Roosevelt needs all the friends he can gather around him and conditions may arise in which it will be better for him to have a friend at the head of the committee during the next eleven months than a chairman devoted to other interests.

It will be interesting to observe the course of the storm which Mr. Cortelyou's placing of New in control has raised among Republicans opposed to the president's plans for naming his own successor, if not for entering the field for a third term.

Vice President Fairbanks, as an aspirant for the presidency and an enemy of New, can hardly be expected to accept the results of Mr. Cortelyou's coup with complacency, and nobody else will be surprised if Fairbanks joins him in a strenuous effort to get an early meeting of the committee for the election of a different chairman.

If other Republican possibilities for the presidential nomination join in the demand for an early meeting, we are likely to see an exhibition of inverted harmony that has not been in view since Mr. Roosevelt entertained the proceedings of the Philadelphia convention in 1900 and came out with

## WATCH OVER THE CHILDREN

The stories of two cases of attempted kidnapping of little girls told in the local news columns this morning, call for more than ordinary watchfulness on the part of parents and of the police, lest some scoundrel succeed in a dastardly crime which was the purpose in each of the cases related: In one case the scoundrel would be recognized by the little girl he tried to entice her away; in the other the little victim was too young and too much frightened to give any description of the fellow who so nearly succeeded in taking her away. It is needless to say that if the guilty party were caught, in either case, short swift would be made of him by the father or other male relatives of the little one. It is to be regretted that in neither case was any report made to the police department, else some trace of the scoundrels might have been had.

## LIGHTS AND SHADOWS IN POETRY AND PROSE.

A pistol's a little pistol:  
An armet is a little arm;  
A fortlet is a little fortress  
To keep the people safe from harm.

A rivulet's a little river;  
A riflet is a little rifle;  
If there were such a word as piflet  
'Twould doubtless mean a little pill.

But here comes in a vexing problem  
And gives our English tongue a rub,  
Why are our triplets little journeys  
A doublet just a little dub?

If there were such a word as soblets  
'Twould mean of course just little  
sobs;  
While, being so, will some one tell me  
Why are not goblets little gobts?

In sixty German cities special arrangements have been made for preventing girls arriving at railway stations from falling into the clutches of dealers in white slaves. In Berlin alone 10,000 girls have thus been cared for.

## The Philosopher.

The little man's short cut to immortality is through attacking great men.

Flattery is really only a criticism administered in language that hides its bitterness.

It is the easiest thing in the world to convince a man that he is better than his neighbor.

The greater a man's virtues the less likelihood there is of the world pardoning his vices.

When the world begins belittling you, it is only an admission that you have defeated it.

Happiness generally comes to the man who never neglects other things to go hunting for it.

A lovely calendar  
Has come  
And time, we note, is going some.

Apples grown in Tasmania, south of Australia, are shipped 11,000 tons to British markets, and yet they pay so well that Tasmanian apple orchards have sold as high as \$1,100 an acre. Five hundred dollars an acre is a moderate valuation.

The Jan man-of-war had appeared off San Francisco on a friendly visit. The regular fishing fleet put back through Golden Gate in dismay.

"No Hra da Jap," said the fishermen in chorus. "Jap no gooda Antel cano. Californ' fora da Californ', coet puta da bes?"

## CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

W. C. T. U. Meeting.  
The W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Blanche Sullivan on Twenty-third street, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. This will be the first meeting in the New Year and members are urged to attend. Business of importance will come before the meeting.

Licensed to Incorporate.  
The secretary of state yesterday licensed the incorporation of the Fair Furniture company, of Cairo, with capital stock of \$12,000. The object is to conduct a mercantile business. The incorporators are Albert H. Newman, John E. Desautel and Dr. John W. Dunn.

At St. Joseph's Hall Tonight.  
Hon. D. E. Keller, supreme president of the Catholic Knights and Ladies of America, will address a joint meeting of branches 6 and 23 at St. Joseph's hall at 7:45 o'clock this evening. All members are requested to attend the meeting and bring their friends. Admission free.

W. P. GREANEY,  
Chairman.  
A. M. RAGGIO,  
Secretary.

Ex-Chief Ben Price.  
Ex-Chief of Police Ben Price and wife were in the city yesterday on their way from Hayti, Mo., to Marion, Ill. They will reside in Marion hereafter.

DR. M. L. WINSTEAD,  
Office in the Palace Drug Store  
MOUNDS, ILLINOIS.

Will do a general practice, both city and country.

Office Hours:—8 to 11 a.m. 1 to 4 p.m.

## A Man's Duty

is to his family first, then to his friends.

What obligation requires a man to give personal security for his friends, and thus imperil his family's welfare?

Corporate Bonds, as furnished by the American Surety Company of New York, are in every way superior to Personal Sureties, and are rapidly superseding them.

Don't assume an unnecessary risk because of a mistaken idea of friendship.

When asked to sign a bond, do your friend a service by putting him in communication with the

## American Surety Company of New York

Capital and Surplus \$4,800,000

David S. Lansden, attorney,  
614 Commercial Avenue, H.  
H. Candee & Son Agents,  
617 Ohio Street, Cairo, Ill.

after Mr. Price having a building contract of some kind there. He was one of the guests of honor at the bartender's banquet last night. Mr. Price has been in the hotel business at Hayti. He is in good health.

Rebekah Lodge Election.  
Parthenia Rebekah Lodge, No. 229, I. O. O. F., has elected the following officers:  
Noble Grand—Mrs. Julia Taylor,  
Vice Grand—Mrs. Daisy Walker,  
Recording Secretary—Mrs. M. C. Ayer,  
Financial Secretary—Mrs. Laura Geisenhof.

The installation will take place at the next meeting on January 22.

## Coal Sink in Mud.

It is safe to assume that Alderman Fred D. Nellis always will be in favor of street improvements in Cairo, since his experience yesterday. As every one knows Mr. Nellis is engaged in the coal business. Yesterday one of his coal wagons was sent up on an up-town street with a load of coal. The wagon got stalled in the mud and in order to move it the driver was obliged to unload the coal into the street, which as fast as it was shoveled out sank into the mud, almost from sight. Verily, paved streets are not coming any too quickly in Cairo.

## STEAM HEATING FOR COURT HOUSE

GOOD PROGRESS MADE IN WORK OF INSTALLATION—GREAT SAVING OF FUEL EXPECTED—MORE VAULT ROOM TO BE MADE.

Good progress has been made in the work of installing the new heating apparatus at the court house, to which reference has been made repeatedly in this paper. It was expected that the new heating apparatus would be installed by the end of the month, and it is now expected that it will be ready for use by the first of February.

(Concluded on Third Page.)

## THE NEED OF A GOOD BAKING POWDER

One equally successful in plain and fancy baking—such is HI-LO.

What stronger testimony than it's universal usage in the principal hotels and bakeries. Accustom yourself to the "double strength" of HI-LO.

A heating powder perfectly leaves a quart of flour.

Protected in moist-proof tins, and sold at an honest price—a dime a pound.

At your grocer's.

CONTINENTAL BAKING POWDER COMPANY  
KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

CONFORMING WITH ALL PURE FOOD LAWS STATE AND NATIONAL



Old Roses.  
Ah, the roses of summer are dead,  
And their petals are faded and blown,  
I own.  
But the blush in the cheeks of a lass  
I pass,  
Is the soul of the rose that is dead  
And fled!

Yes, the blush of the rose in her face,  
By grace  
Of the Maker of All, is a flame!  
Her name?  
Ah, I know not the name of the lass  
I pass,  
But the blush of her cheek is a glow,  
I know!

She has caught all the bloom of the rose!  
It glows  
In her cheeks, in her lips—and her eyes  
Like skies.  
Are a-shine with the glint of the blue  
And true?  
And the fragrance of spring in her hair  
Is there!

Ah, the roses of summer are dead,  
But the beautiful face of the lass  
I pass,  
Has ensnared all their charms as they fell!  
'Tis well,  
For my heart has gone out to the lass  
I pass.

'Tho' the roses of summer, once red,  
Are dead,  
I shall wait by the path for my queen,  
So keen  
Shall I sue for this womanly rose—  
Who knows?  
She may give me her heart! Who knows?  
Who knows?

Rex Sees a Circus.  
Rex was whistling joyously when he started down to the corner grocery to get some nails with which to build a dog house. Alas! When he returned he was weeping copiously. While gazing with open mouthed wonder at the majestic lion on the circus bill board, walking at the same time, had stubbed his big right toe. An ugly

spike was the offender and Rex's

exclaimed, "I'm never—get—up—in time," he blubbered, "and I'll—miss—all—the—fun—an'—boo-hoo—boo-hoo!"

But Rex was no quitter. He resolved to see the circus come in if it were three o'clock in the morning. For the consummation of his resolve, he called on Jimmie Stone that afternoon and Jimmy promised!

The night before the great pageant was to arrive, Rex retired early, ostensibly a resigned sacrifice to paternal pyres—but he wasn't.

When Rex had undressed he went cautiously to the window and pulled something. That something was a fish line. When Rex tumbled into bed there was attached to his big toe, the sore one to make sure he would feel the signal, 300 feet of fish line, the other end of which was across the alley in Hubbard's barn where the boys were arguing over "Why is a kangaroo?"

When the first foot of the oncoming train reached his ears in the gray mist of dawn, Jimmie Stone was to pull the string and awaken Rex.

But how could Hubbard's family cow know anything about "the best laid schemes of mice and men?" Out snooping in the midnight air she accidentally ran against and became entangled in Rex's telegraphic system.

This is why the entire neighborhood was awakened in the still hour of night by a series of shrieks that made howling Rome a mere phonographic imitation.

When the fish line broke, Rex's toe was not quite off, but he was hopelessly snugged against the window sill, where he had landed at the first frightened lunge of the family bovine.

P. S.—Rex's father took him to the circus after all. "It will help him in his natural history class," said father, "and besides, he has certainly and conclusively proved that he is not able to care for himself with this circus mania in the air."

Take your time, Old Winter man,  
With your first snow flurry,  
Linger long, Winter Antagonist,  
Ain't no use to hurry!  
Ice or cold we do not need—  
Take your time, don't worry!

St. Patrick was a great man, no doubt, but if he had left the snakes in Ireland and banished them from Irish whiskey, he would have been a greater philanthropist. But then, I suppose, everybody would be drinking Scotch whiskey if he had!

Ryan Williams

The Bulletin is delivered in Cairo, surrounding towns in time for the breakfast table.

## The Regulation of Individual and Corporate Wealth

By HENRY CLEWS,  
New York Banker.

An interesting and important question that commands the attention of the American people to-day, is whether great individual and corporate wealth is inimical and hostile to their welfare, and a menace to our institutions. This question is the more interesting because it is now the leading theme of argument and agitation by the socialists and has been made the subject of much discussion by the press and prominent men, not only in this country but in Europe. In this way public interest in it has been aroused and public opinion elicited more than ever before.

The question is important, for, although it may appear to many to be more sentimental than economic, it has grown to such proportions as to receive the serious consideration of legislators and government authorities, and it bids fair to be made the subject of new federal statutes when our next congress convenes.

In keeping with the undeserved abuse of wealth, which is entitled to no serious consideration, we are confronted by the bold assertion, made by extremists, that some limit should be set to the amount of property an individual may own. The impracticability and inadvisability of any such measure are at once apparent. You might as well try to limit the capacity of energy of an individual. When you prevent an individual from accumulating you at once discourage his productivity.

The remedy for corporation wrongdoing is found in publicity! This publicity is the great need of the day, and the public should demand it.

There is no sound basis for debarring married women by law from public employment. It is one question whether it is wise for married women to undertake work outside their homes, and quite another question whether they ought to be forbidden by law to do so. In most cases, undoubtedly, it is not wise; and investigation shows that only two per cent. of the teachers who marry wish to keep on teaching. But to make a cast-iron law forbidding it would be an unwarrantable interference with individual liberty and, in some cases, a severe hardship.

Two main reasons are given. The first is that a married woman's husband ought to support her, and that if she is allowed to earn money it will be a temptation to shiftless men to let their wives maintain them. This would be an argument for debarring married women not only from public employment but from all paid work. Let us "clear our account." Hundreds of women support drunken husbands by going out to wash six days in the week, and no one proposes to stop them. Objection to the employment of married women is raised only when the position is more or less desirable, and when the salary is wanted for some one else.

The second reason given is that a woman who does not need a salary ought not to hold a salaried post because she competes with some other woman who has her living to earn. On this principle, no unmarried woman ought to be allowed to teach if her father is able to support her; and any male teacher who receives a legacy ought to be promptly dismissed. No one would admit for a moment that it is wrong for a man to hold a salaried place unless he is dependent on the salary for his livelihood.

The one thing that can properly be insisted on—and this not by law, but by conscience and humanity—is that persons who are not forced to work for a living should take advantage of that fact to offer their labor at less than the market price, thereby lowering wages for their less fortunate brothers and sisters.

The objects of the Holy Name society are to place clean tongues in men's heads, to do away with cursing and swearing, to promote the use of decent language, and, finally, to create respect for a man's oath.

Perjury in our courts has become too common; so common, indeed, that little or nothing is thought about it. A man will take an oath on entering a jury box to decide the case before the court upon the law and evidence, when his decision has been bought before he ever enters the box; or a witness will take an oath to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, when he has no intention of living up to his oath. It is our object to make the oath mean all that it should mean.

The idea of holding an annual parade of the Holy Name society originated with a number of the younger clergy of Hudson county, New Jersey, appointed by the rectors of the different parishes throughout the diocese. It has been the custom for some time in the different branches of the society to hold an annual parade and meeting of the members of the local organization, but a little more than a year ago the idea of federating the societies of the diocese, and instead of holding several small parades, holding one large one suggested itself to a number of the local directors of the society, and they came to me for advice on the subject. I thought well of the scheme, and consulted Bishop John J. O'Connor, of South Orange, in regard to the proposition. The Bishop heartily approved of the plan, and a federation of the societies immediately followed.

There were 30,500 men in the three parades this year held in Jersey City, Newark and Paterson; men who had pledged themselves not to use profanity and to regard the sanctity of an oath. I consider this one of the greatest object lessons in morality that could be presented. It also proves that men still have religion. The effect of the movement has been very encouraging. While it has been impossible, of course, to keep close watch, general observation has shown beyond doubt the majority of members have been faithful.

Every little while there appears a day which is "hunting a job" for a man you that if it were a bullet you would be hit.

There may be a rant ad, printed to day which is "hunting a job" for a man you that if it were a bullet you would be hit.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

Cairo, Alexander County, Illinois  
Population 16,147.

Mayor, GEORGE PARSONS,  
Clerk, R. A. HATCHER,  
Treasurer, JAMES QUINN,  
Comptroller, ERNEST NORDMAN,  
Police Magistrate, A. J. ROSS,  
Chief of Police, M. S. EAGAN.

Alexander County, Population 22,963.  
County Clerk, JESSE E. MILLER,  
Circuit Clerk, LEE B. DAVIS,  
Sheriff, FRANK E. DAVIS,  
Coroner, DR. JAMES McMANUS,  
County Superintendent of Schools,  
PROF. JOHN SNYDER,  
Assessor and Treasurer, FRED D. NELLIS.

Board of County Commissioners.  
J. J. JENNELLE, Chairman.  
GEORGE PARSONS,  
DR. EDWIN J. GAUSM.

## HOW THE TRAINS RUN

Corrected to January 10th, 1907.

TRAINS ARRIVE TRAINS DEPART

I. C. From North. I. C. Going North.  
No. 208..... 2:47 a.m. No. 2..... 11:15 a.m.  
No. 208..... 4:17 a.m. No. 4..... 1:32 a.m.  
No. 208..... 11:00 a.m. No. 6..... 2:35 p.m.  
No. 208..... 1:20 p.m. No. 8..... 7:15 p.m.  
No. 208..... 2:10 p.m. No. 10..... 5:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 12..... 6:00 a.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 14..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 16..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 18..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 20..... 6:10 p.m.  
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No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 24..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 26..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 28..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 30..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 32..... 6:10 p.m.  
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No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 42..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 44..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 46..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 48..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 50..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 52..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 54..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 56..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 58..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 60..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 62..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 64..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 66..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 68..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 70..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 72..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 74..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 76..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 78..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 80..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 82..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 84..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 86..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 88..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 90..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 92..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 94..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 96..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 98..... 6:10 p.m.  
No. 208..... 10:35 a.m. No. 100..... 6:10 p.m.

I. C. From South. I. C. Going South.  
No. 4..... 2:04 a.m. No. 1..... 8:15 p.m.  
No. 6..... 2:17 a.m. No. 3..... 8:30 p.m.  
No. 8..... 2:30 a.m. No. 5..... 8:45 p.m.  
No. 10..... 2:43 a.m. No. 7..... 9:00 p.m.  
No. 12..... 2:56 a.m. No. 9..... 9:15 p.m.  
No. 14..... 3:09 a.m. No. 11..... 9:30 p.m.  
No. 16..... 3:22 a.m. No. 13..... 9:45 p.m.  
No. 18..... 3:35 a.m. No. 15..... 10:00 p.m.  
No. 20..... 3:48 a.m. No. 17..... 10:15 p.m.  
No. 22..... 4:01 a.m. No. 19..... 10:30 p.m.  
No. 24..... 4:14 a.m. No. 21..... 10:45 p.m.  
No. 26..... 4:27 a.m. No. 23..... 11:00 p.m.  
No. 28..... 4:40 a.m. No. 25..... 11:15 p.m.  
No. 30..... 4:53 a.m. No. 27..... 11:30 p.m.  
No. 32..... 5:06 a.m. No. 29..... 11:45 p.m.  
No. 34..... 5:19 a.m. No. 31..... 12:00 p.m.  
No. 36..... 5:32 a.m. No. 33..... 12:15 p.m.  
No. 38..... 5:45 a.m. No. 35..... 12:30 p.m.  
No. 40..... 5:58 a.m. No. 37..... 12:45 p.m.  
No. 42..... 6:11 a.m. No. 39..... 1:00 p.m.  
No. 44..... 6:24 a.m. No. 41..... 1:15 p.m.  
No. 46..... 6:37 a.m. No. 43..... 1:30 p.m.  
No. 48..... 6:50 a.m. No. 45..... 1:45 p.m.  
No. 50..... 7:03 a.m. No. 47..... 2:00 p.m.  
No. 52..... 7:16 a.m. No. 49..... 2:15 p.m.  
No. 54..... 7